

Dosimetric Characterisation of Glass Bead TLDs in Proton Beams



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Motivation for use of glass bead TLDs for Proton Dosimetry

- Spherical physical shape with a hole in the middle
- Chemically inert nature
- Small size of 1.5 mm diameter and 1 mm thickness
- Inexpensive and readily available
- Reusable
- **TL light transparency** with negligible self-attenuation



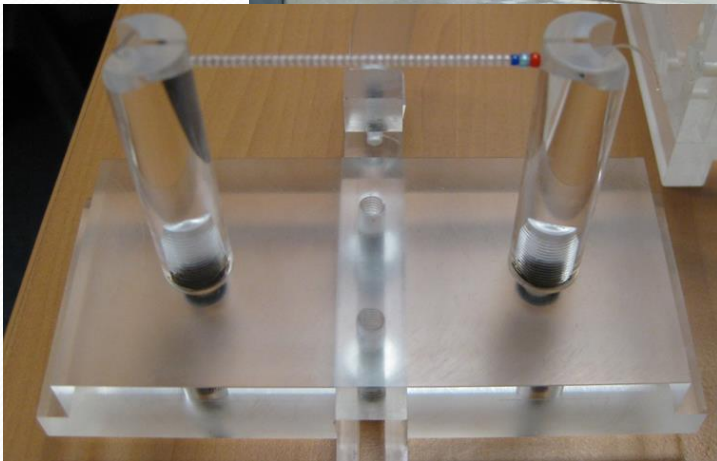
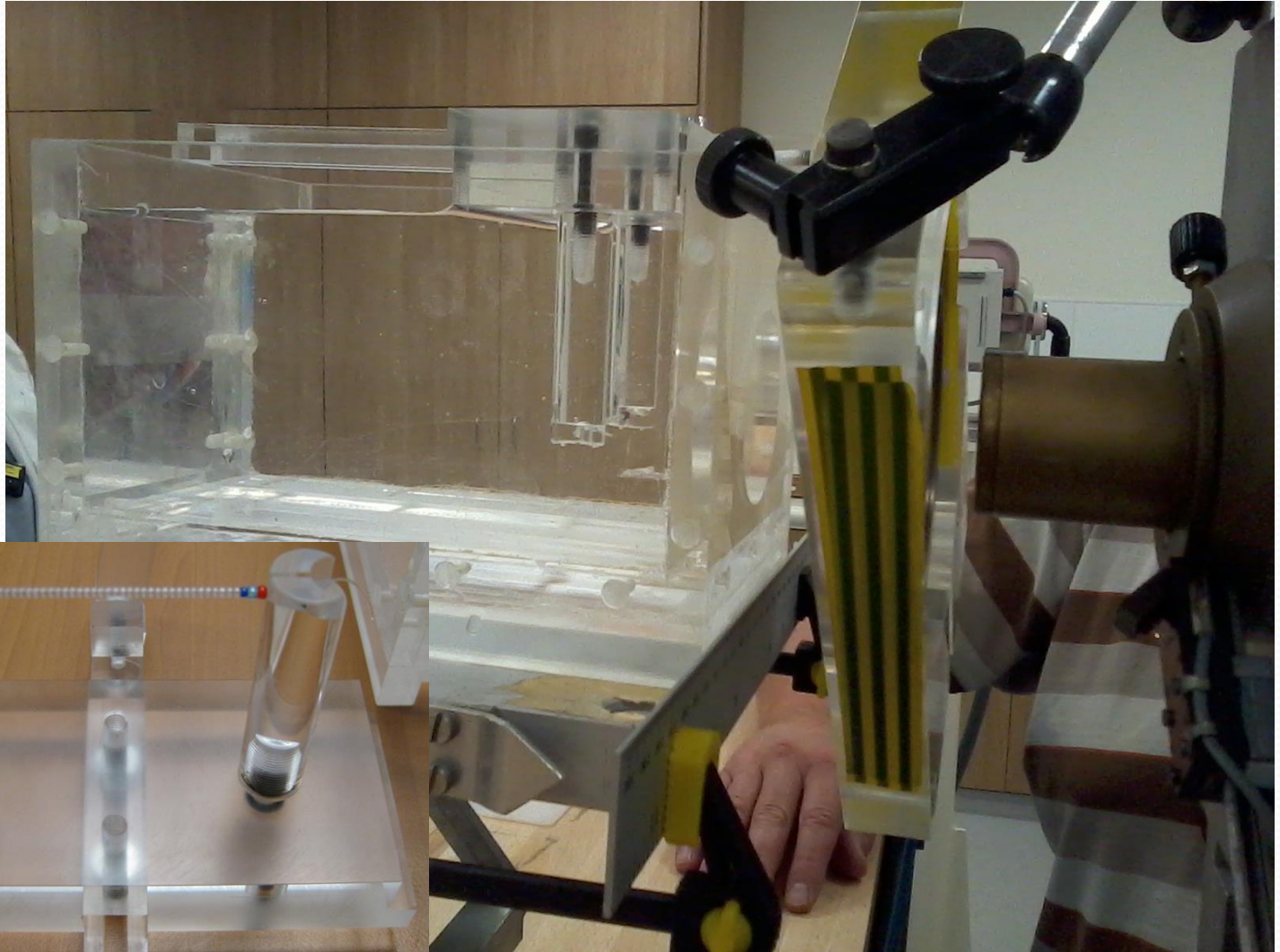
Methods

- Sample preparation
 - Cleaning
 - Mass screening
 - Annealing



Characterization measurements

*Douglas Cyclotron in
Clatterbridge*



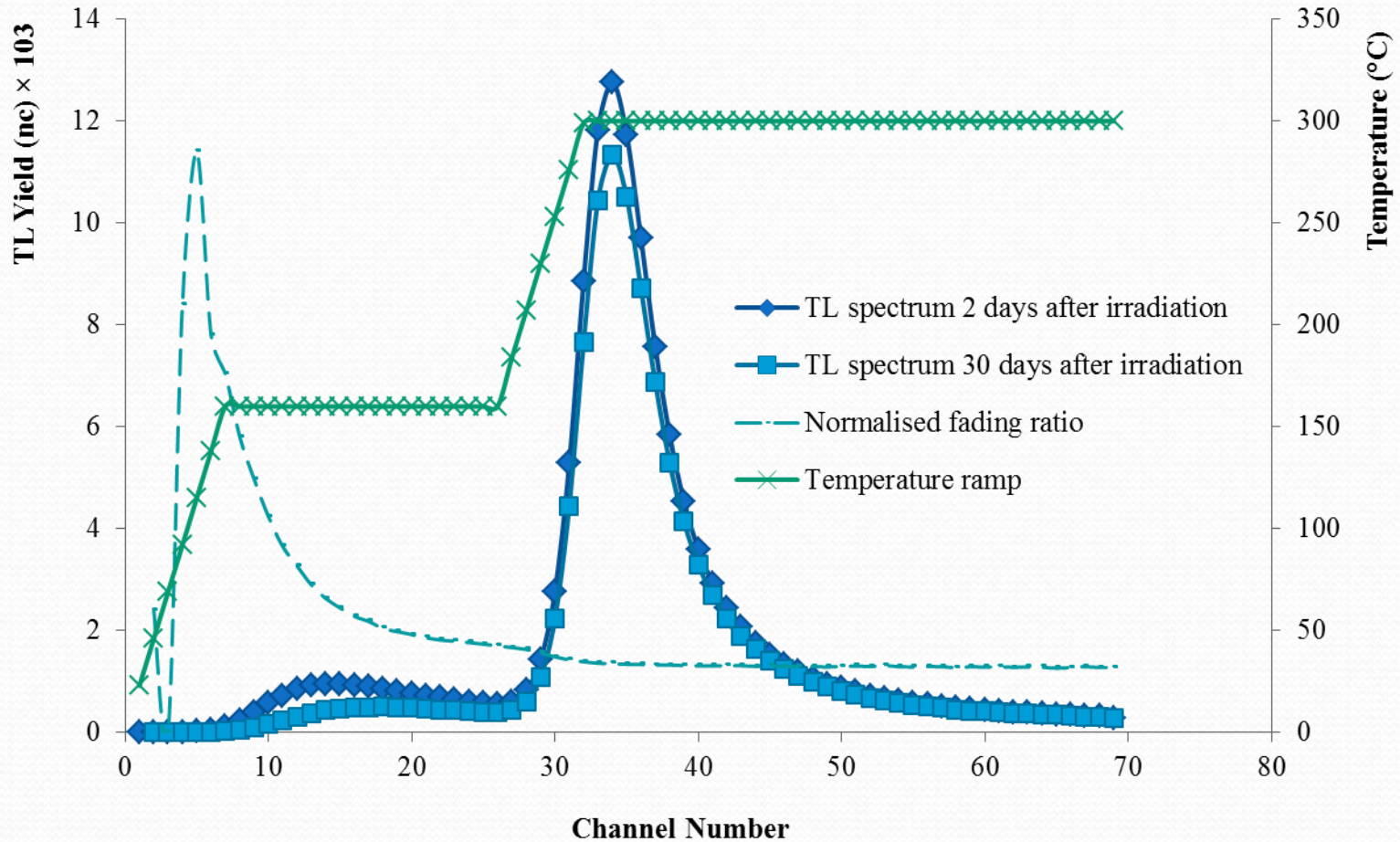
A thin window (0.1 mm thickness) phantom to position the glass beads in water.

Readout systems?

TLD reader at Royal Surrey County Hospital



Dosimetric peak with TL system

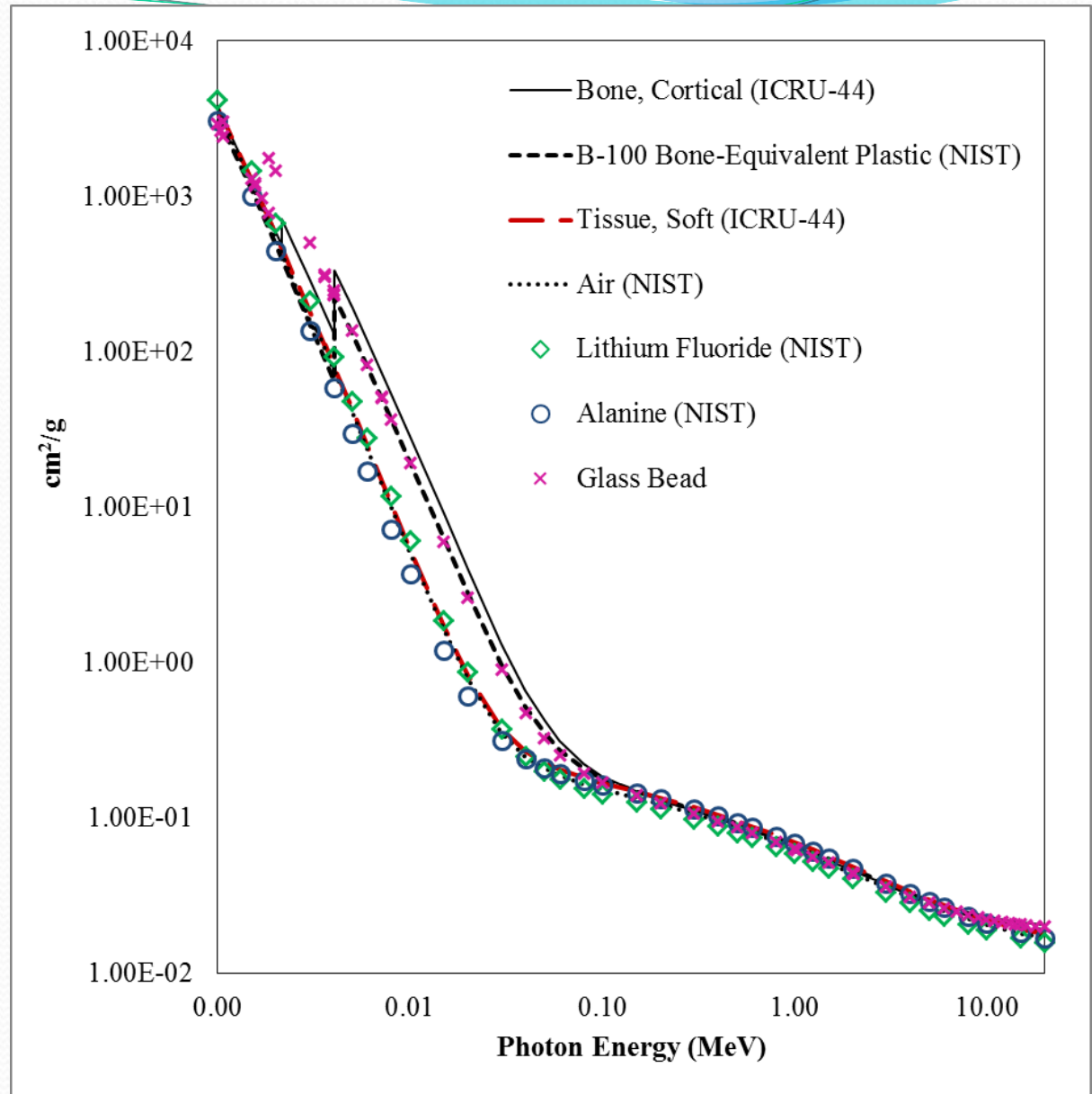


mass attenuation coefficient

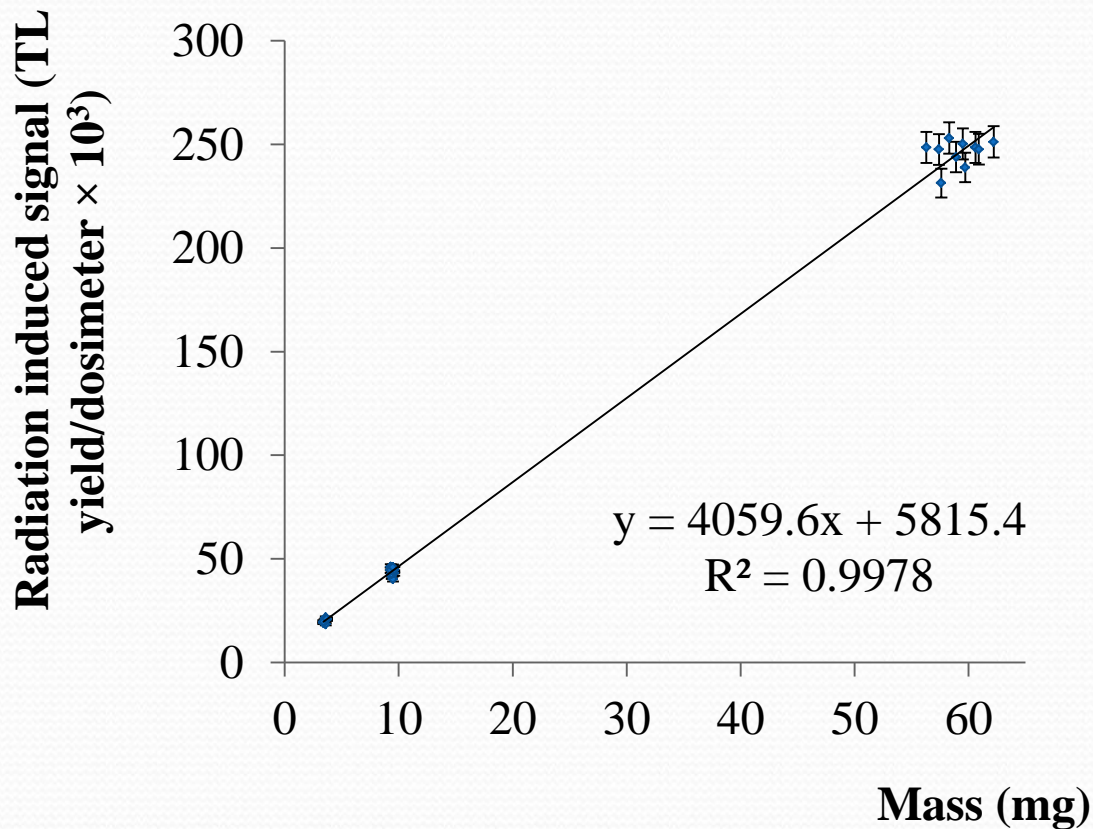
Element	Weight%	Atomic%
C	8.93	14.38
O	42.18	51.01
Na	10.55	8.88
Al	1.35	0.97
Si	33.62	23.16
K	1.09	0.54
Ca	1.92	0.93
Fe	0.37	0.13
Totals	100.00	

Density: 2.09

CT Number: 800-1300

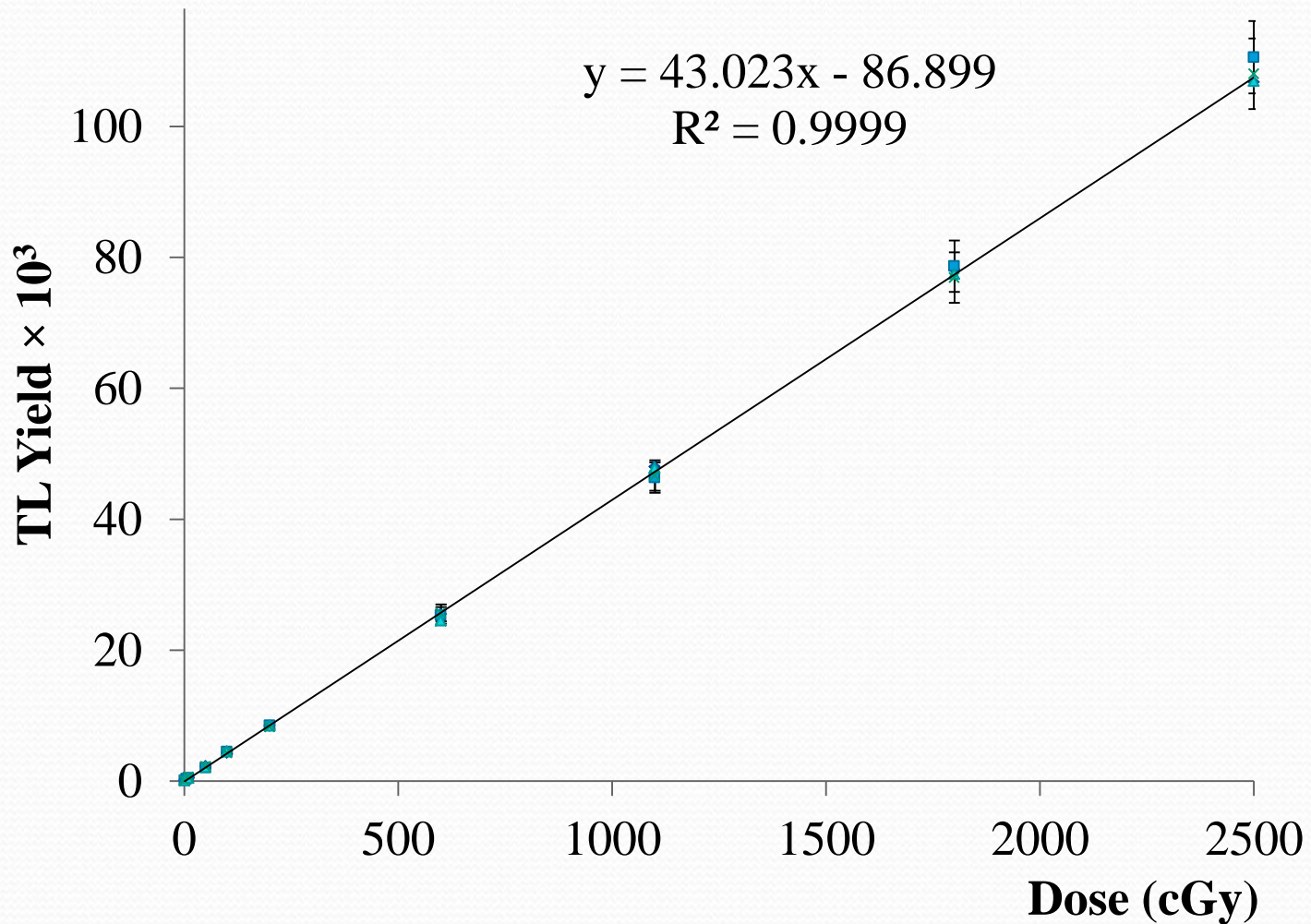


Bead mass and radiation response

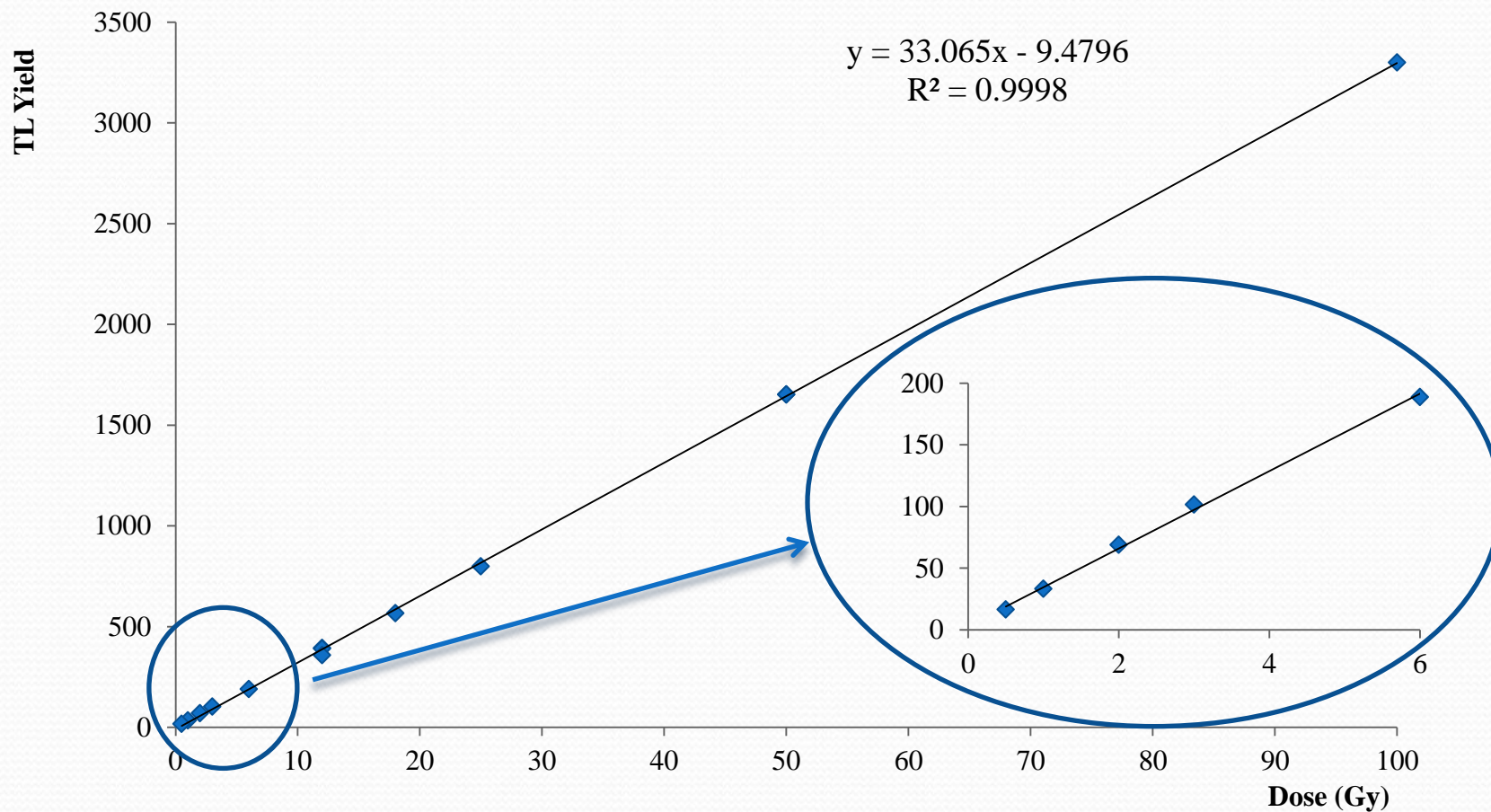


- No self absorption
- Important to use for high LET radiation beams such as **proton** and **ion beam** dosimetry

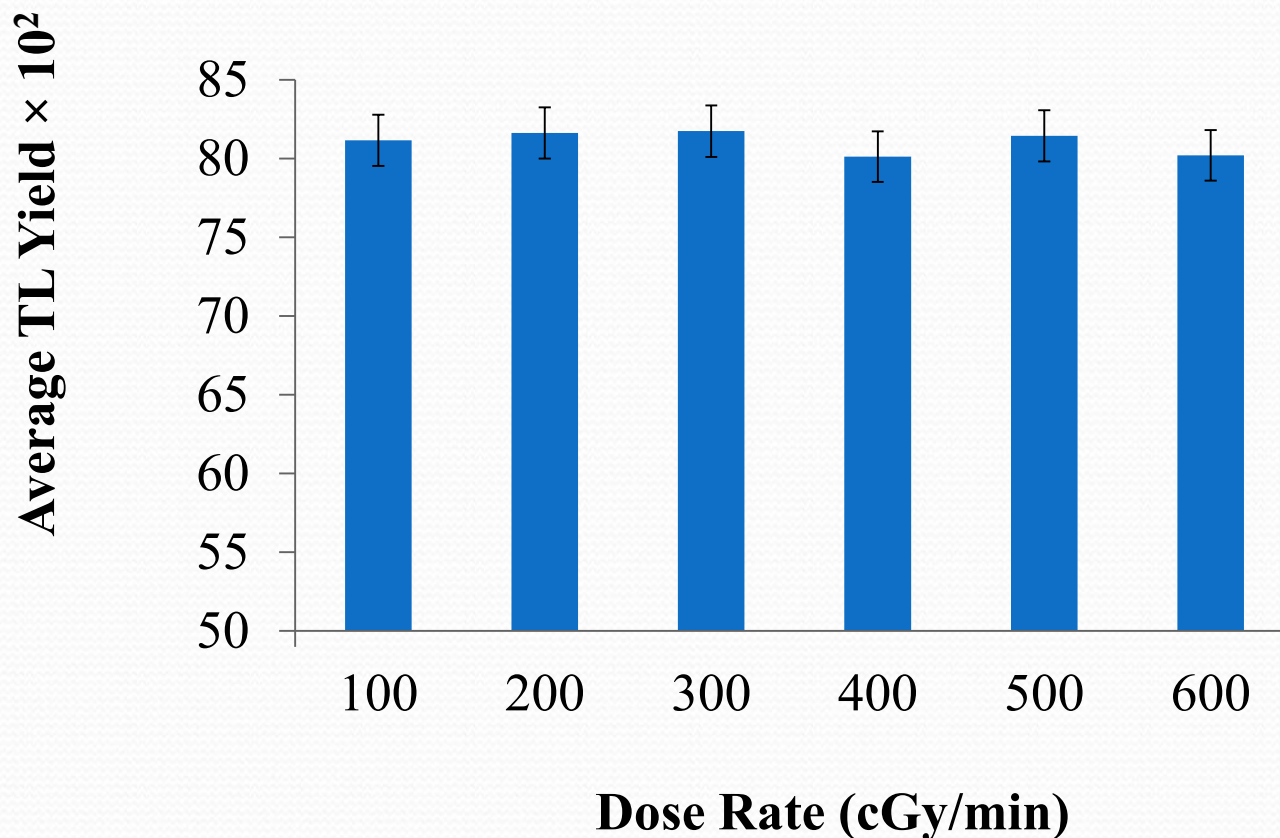
Radiation response to photon beams



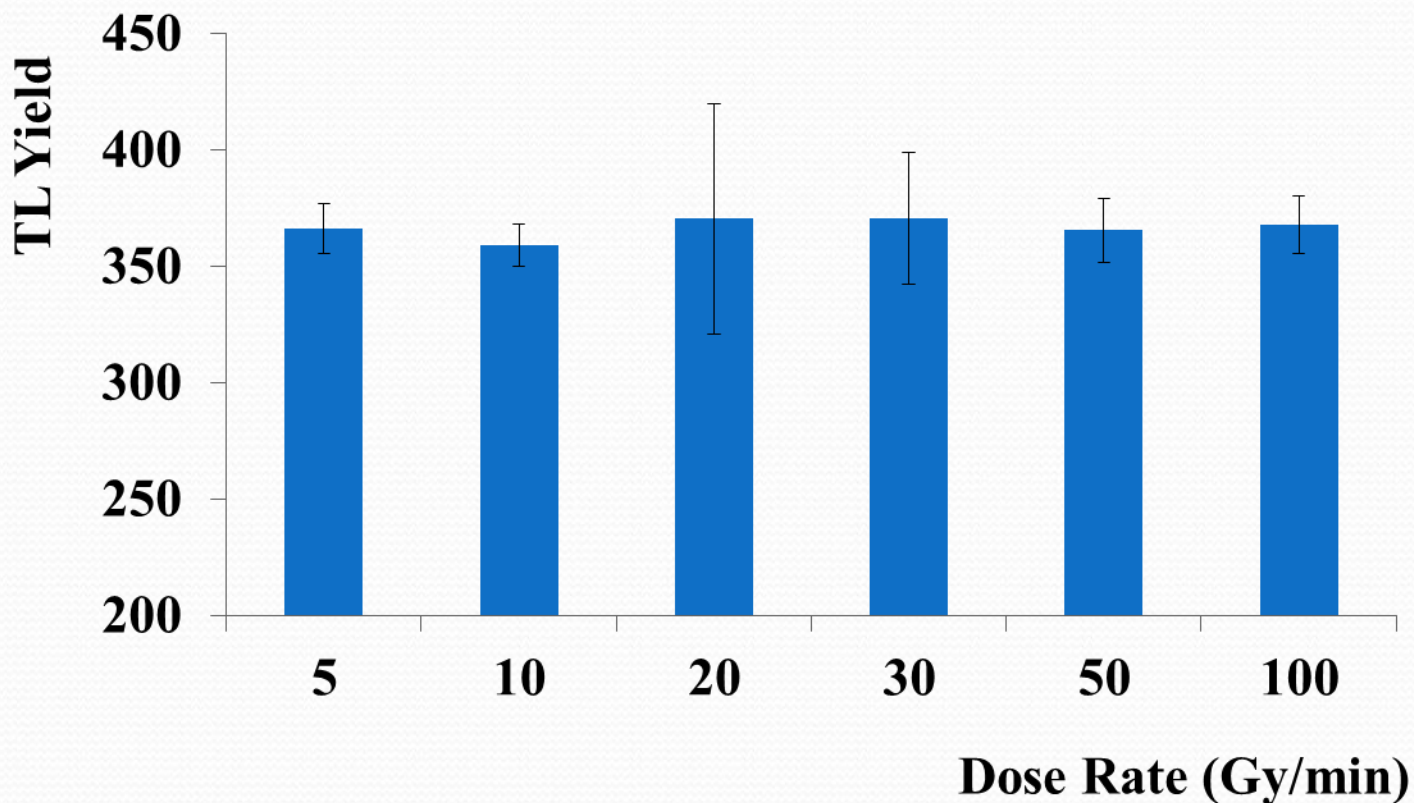
Radiation response to proton beams



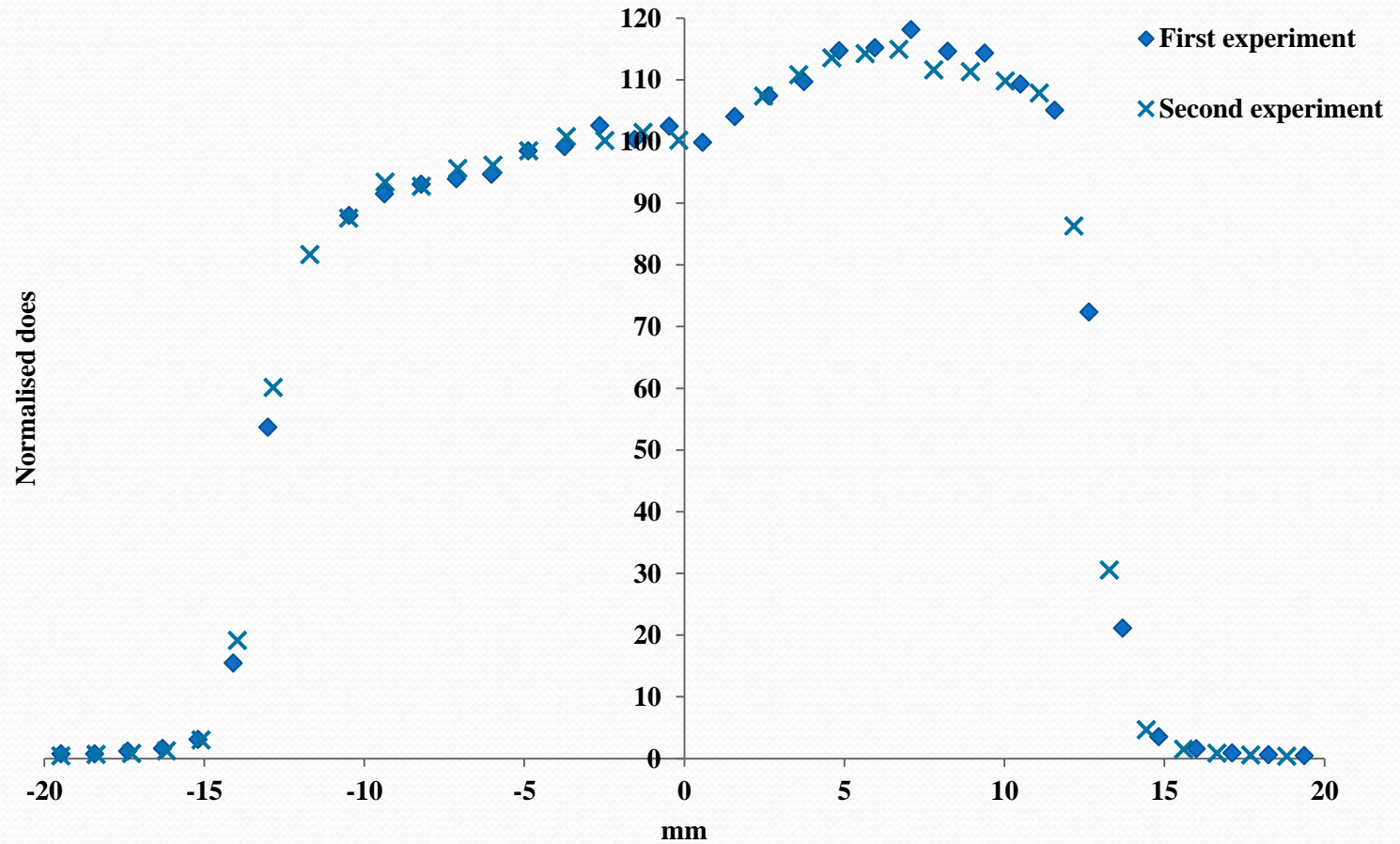
Dose rate response (photon Beams)



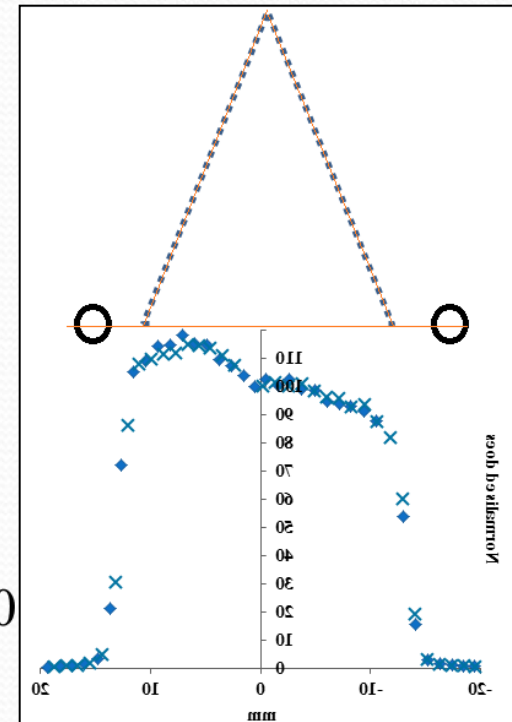
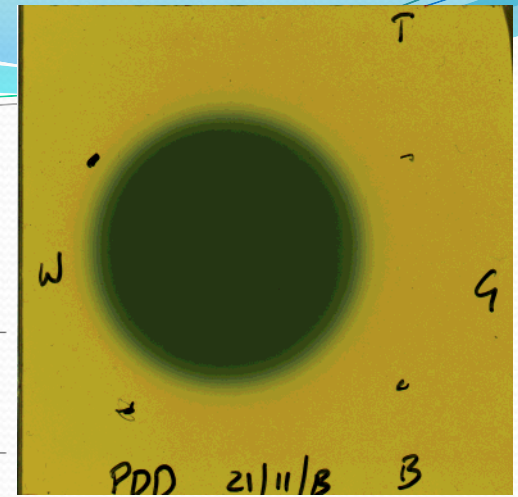
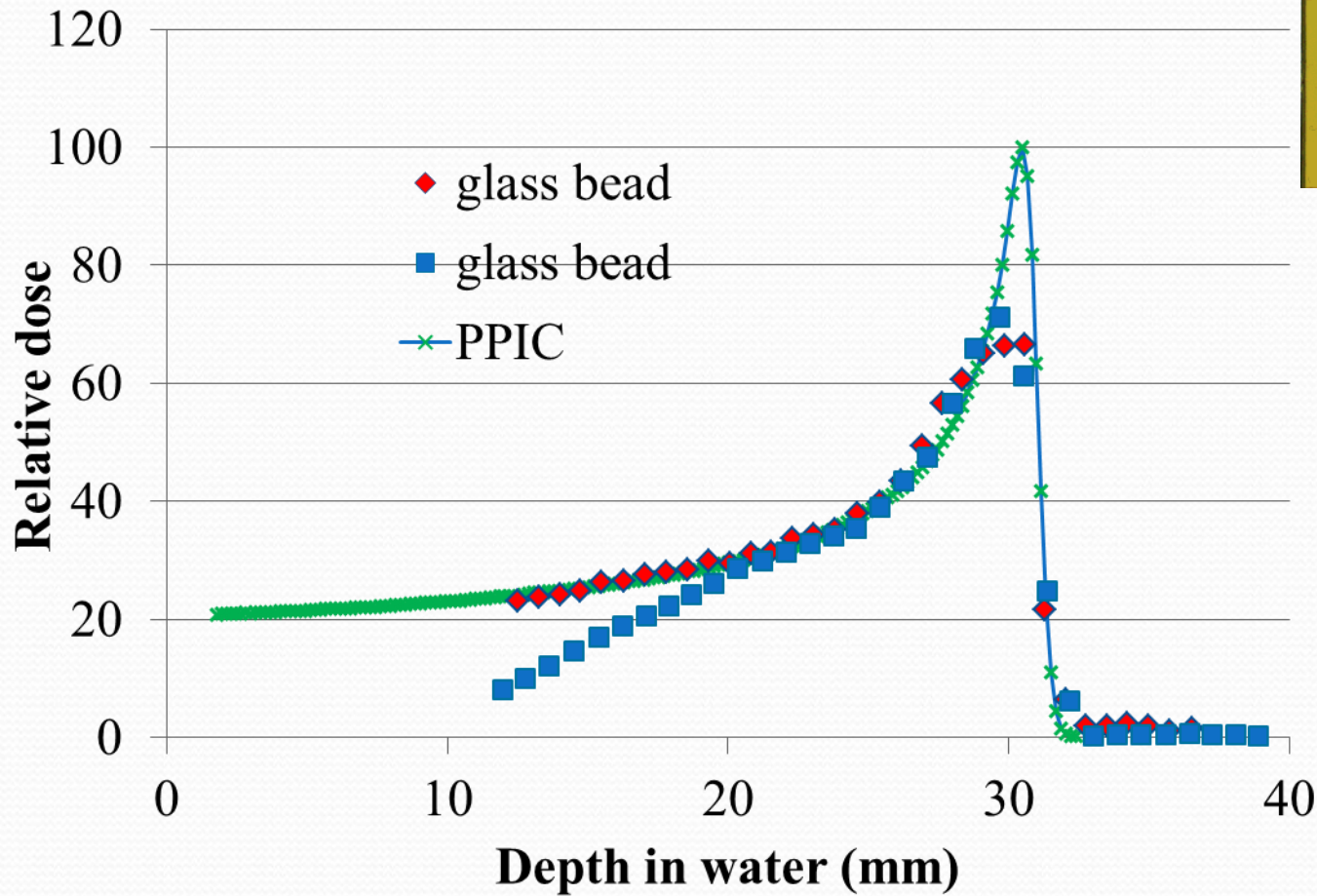
Dose rate response (proton Beams)



Proton beam profile



Bragg Peak

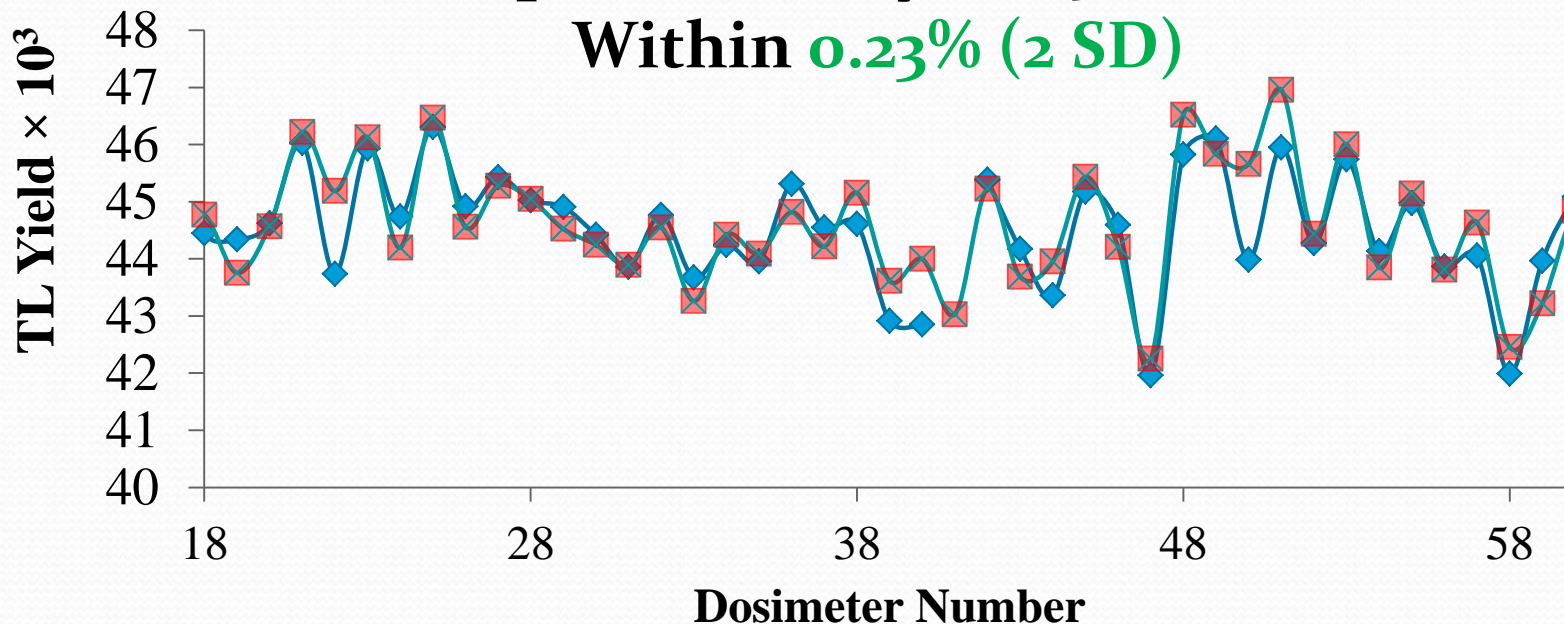


Batch homogeneity & reproducibility

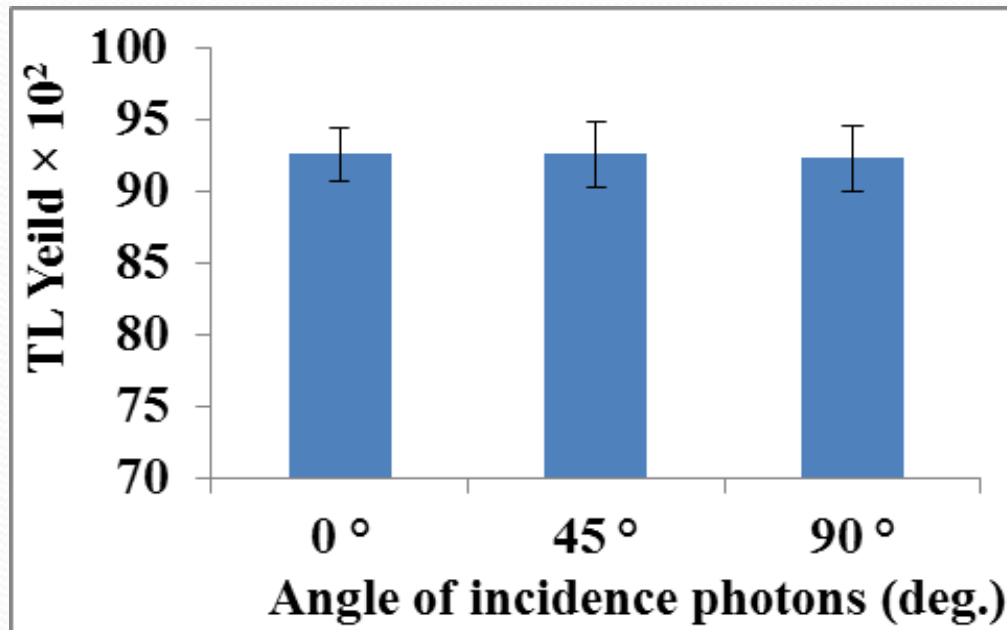
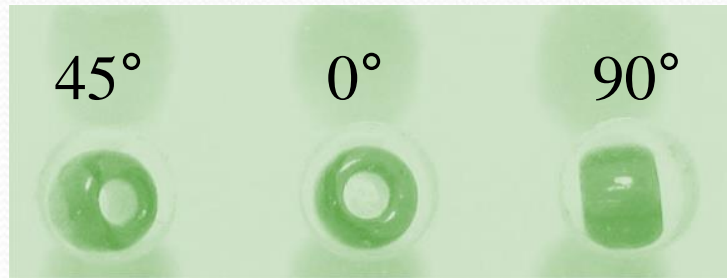
Batch homogeneity: $\pm 7.4\%$ (2 SD)

**Uncertainty of the entire TLD process:
 1.7% (1 SD)**

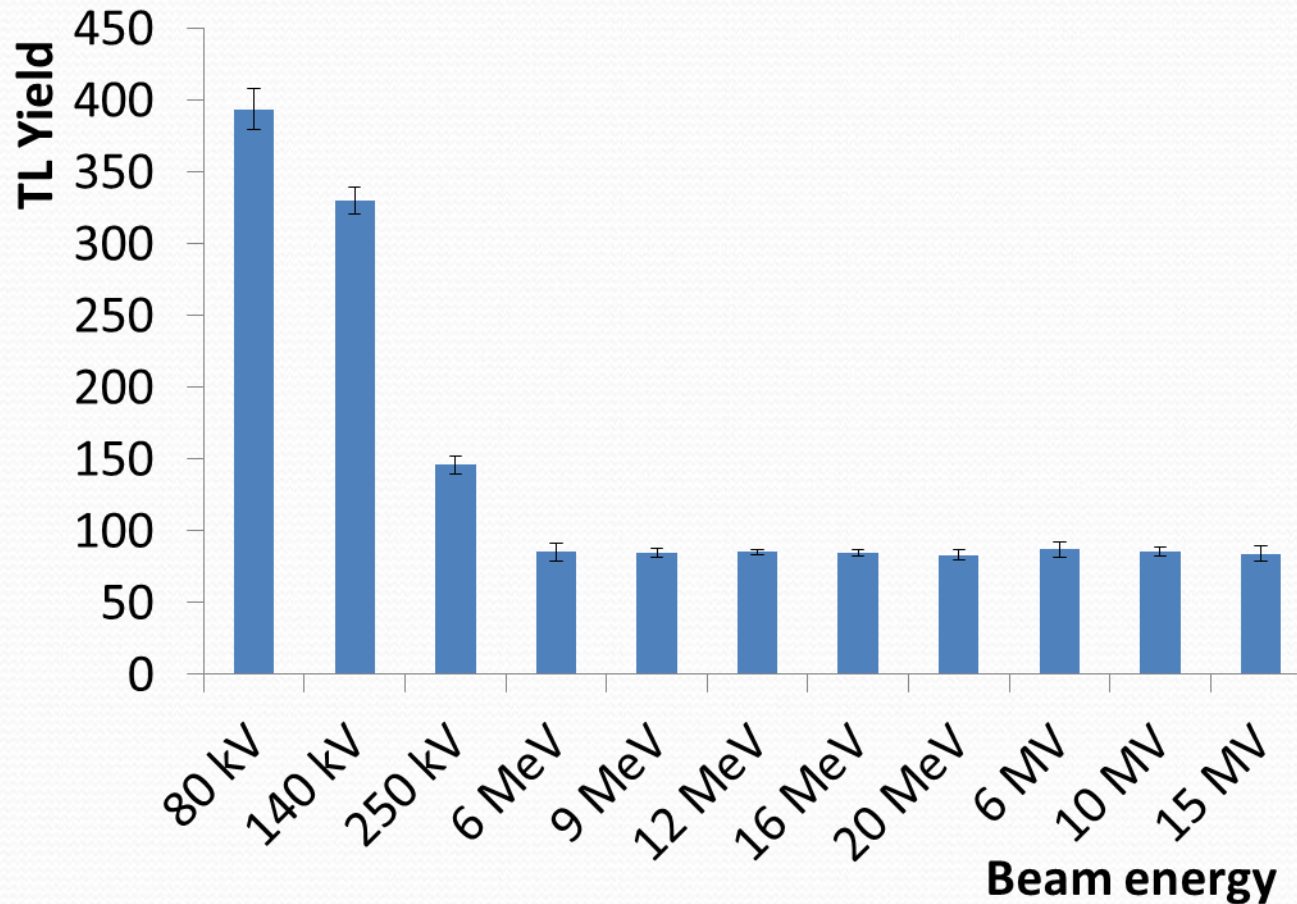
**Mean reproducibility for 138 dosimeter:
Within 0.23% (2 SD)**



Directional response



Energy response

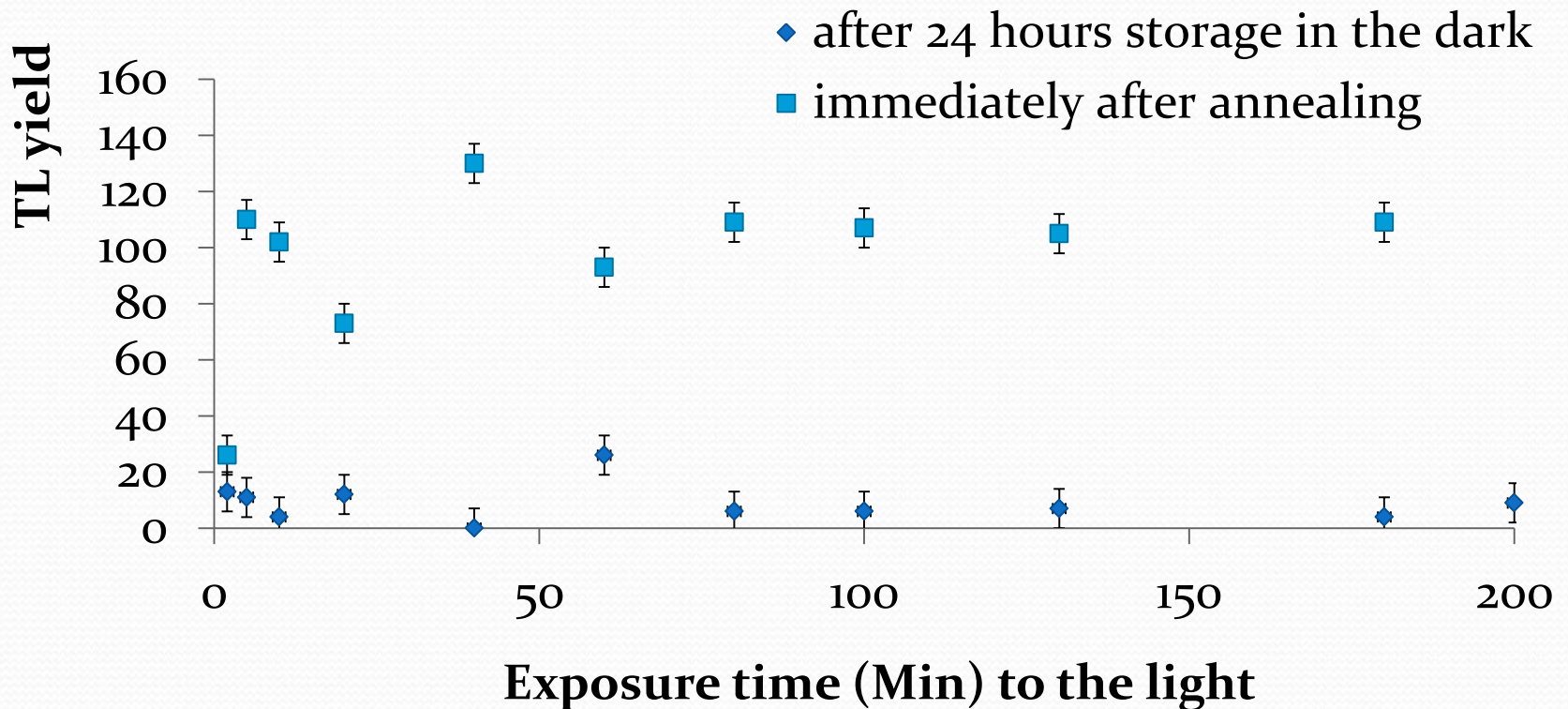


Thermal neutron response

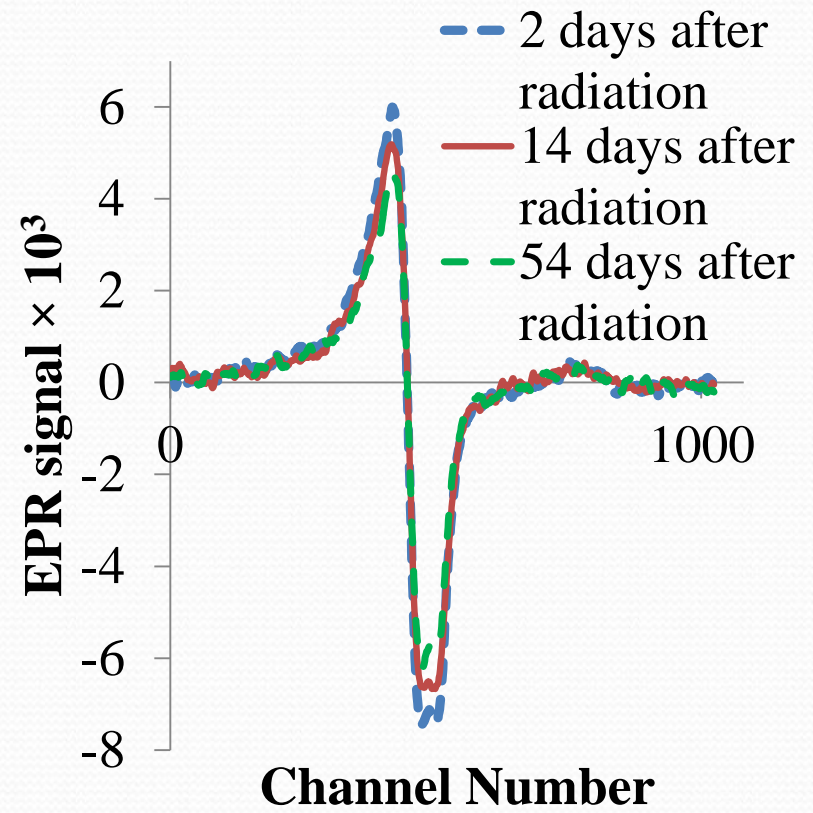
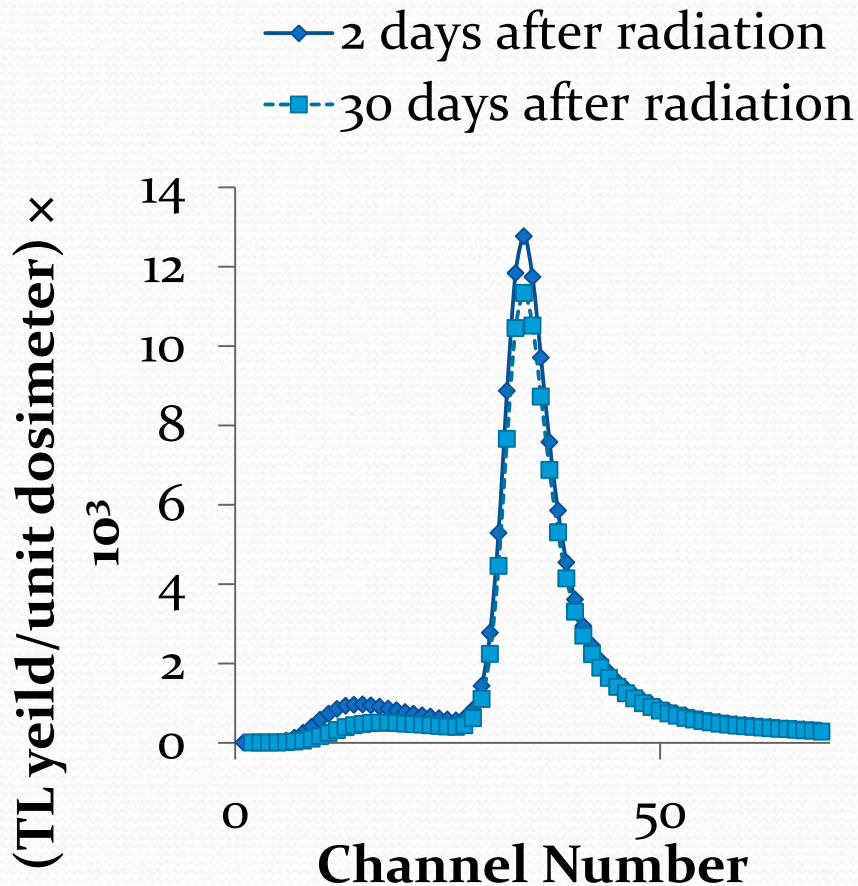
- The neutron absorbed dose / Gy for 15 MV energy 0.28×10^{-3} Gy,
in agreement with 0.27×10^{-3} Gy (McGinley and Landry, 1989) measured with Bonner sphere radiation detectors.

Storage & handling

Light sensitivity and Pre-dose effect



Fading Rate: 10%/30 days



Conclusion

- **The dose linearity and dose rate independency** shown suggest that glass beads have potential as TLDs for verification measurement in proton therapy.

Acknowledgment

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THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION

QUESTIONS



Reproducibility of calibration factors at different energies

